



CORO
MINING CORP.

Coro Mining Corp.

(A Development Stage Company)

Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

June 30, 2015

(Expressed in U.S. dollars, except where indicated)

NOTICE OF NO AUDITOR REVIEW OF INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Under National Instrument 51-102, Part 4, subsection 4.3 (3)(a), if an auditor has not performed a review of the condensed interim consolidated financial statements, they must be accompanied by a notice indicating that the financial statements have not been reviewed by an auditor.

The accompanying unaudited condensed interim financial statements of the Company have been prepared by and are the responsibility of the Company's management.

The Company's independent auditor has not performed a review of these financial statements in accordance with standards established by the Canadian Institute of Chartered Accountants for a review of interim financial statements by an entity's auditor.

Coro Mining Corp.

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

As at June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014 (unaudited)

(Expressed in U.S. dollars, except where indicated)

	June 30 2015 \$000's	December 31 2014 \$000's
Assets		
Current assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	482	383
Accounts receivable and prepaid expenses	21	56
Deferred finance fees (note 12)	71	-
Investments	3	4
	<u>577</u>	<u>443</u>
Property, plant and equipment	21	63
Mineral property interests (note 4 & 5)	<u>3,690</u>	<u>4,333</u>
Total assets	<u>4,288</u>	<u>4,839</u>
Liabilities		
Current liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	199	259
Long-term debt (note 6)	<u>250</u>	<u>257</u>
	449	516
Shareholders' equity		
Common shares (note 7)	53,172	53,172
Contributed surplus	6,305	6,287
Accumulated other comprehensive income ("AOCI")	453	470
Deficit	<u>(56,365)</u>	<u>(55,880)</u>
	3,565	4,049
Non-controlling interests ("NCI") (note 4)	<u>274</u>	<u>274</u>
Total equity	<u>3,839</u>	<u>4,323</u>
Total liabilities and equity	<u>4,288</u>	<u>4,839</u>

Nature of operations and going concern (note 1)

Commitments (note 11)

Approved by the Board of Directors

"Robert Watts"

Director

"Alvin Jackson"

Director

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Coro Mining Corp.

Consolidated Statement of Loss and Comprehensive Loss

For the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014 (unaudited)

(Expressed in U.S. dollars, except where indicated)

	Three months ended June 30, 2015 \$000's	Three months ended June 30, 2014 \$000's	Six months ended June 30, 2015 \$000's	Six months ended June 30, 2014 \$000's
Expenditures				
Exploration expenditures				
Expenditures (note 3)	171	244	235	946
Recoveries (note 3)	-	-	(161)	-
	171	244	74	946
Corporate and Other Costs				
Depreciation and amortization	2	4	5	9
Finance income	-	(2)	-	(6)
Foreign exchange loss (gain)	7	(12)	(36)	(78)
Legal and filing fees	12	30	46	50
Other corporate costs	44	108	81	176
Salaries and management fees	99	118	193	245
Share-based payments expense	9	24	15	150
Unrealized loss on held-for-trading investment	8	3	9	2
Deconsolidation loss (note 5)	98	-	98	-
	279	273	411	548
Loss for the period	450	517	485	1,494
Attributable to:				
Owners of the parent	450	517	485	1,494
Non-controlling interests	-	-	-	-
Other comprehensive income				
Items that may be reclassified subsequently to net income				
Foreign currency translation adjustment	11	(26)	17	21
Loss and comprehensive loss for the period	461	491	502	1,515
Attributable to:				
Owners of the parent	461	491	502	1,515
Non-controlling interests	-	-	-	-
Basic diluted loss per share (\$ per share)	0.00	0.00	\$0.00	\$0.01
Diluted loss per share (\$ per share)	0.00	0.00	\$0.00	\$0.01
Weighted average shares outstanding (000's)	159,372	159,372	159,372	158,132

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Coro Mining Corp.

Consolidated Statements Shareholders' Equity

For the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014 (unaudited)

(Expressed in U.S. dollars, except where indicated)

	Attributable to owners of the parent							
	Common shares		Contributed Surplus \$000's	AOCI \$000's	Deficit \$000's	Total \$000's	NCI \$000's	Total Equity \$000's
	No. of shares #000's	Amount \$000's						
Balance – January 1, 2014	149,167	52,480	5,907	506	(42,432)	16,461	129	16,590
NCI financing	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Share issuance (note 6)	10,205	692	176	-	-	868	-	868
Share-based payments	-	-	161	-	-	161	-	161
Comprehensive income (loss)	-	-	-	(21)	(1,494)	(1,515)	-	(1,515)
Balance- June 30, 2014	159,372	53,172	6,244	485	(43,926)	15,975	129	16,104
Balance – January 1, 2015	159,372	53,172	6,287	470	(55,880)	4,049	274	4,323
NCI financing	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Share issuance (note 6)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Share-based payments	-	-	18	-	-	18	-	18
Comprehensive (loss) income	-	-	-	(17)	(485)	(502)	-	(502)
Balance- June 30, 2015	159,372	53,172	6,305	453	(56,365)	3,565	274	3,839

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Coro Mining Corp.

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flow

For the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014 (unaudited)

(Expressed in U.S. dollars, except where indicated)

	Three months ended June 30, 2015 \$000's	Three months ended June 30, 2014 \$000's	Six months ended June 30, 2015 \$000's	Six months ended June 30, 2014 \$000's
Cash flows from operating activities				
(Loss) for the period	(450)	(517)	(485)	(1,494)
Items not affecting cash				
Depreciation and amortization	2	4	5	9
Share-based payment expense	9	24	15	150
Deconsolidation loss (note 5)	98	-	98	-
Unrealized loss on held-for-trading investments	-	3	1	(1)
	<u>(341)</u>	<u>(486)</u>	<u>(366)</u>	<u>(1,336)</u>
Change in non-cash operating working capital				
Decrease (increase) in receivables & prepaids	-	6	4	8
(Decrease) increase in accounts payable & accruals	(228)	(58)	1	(77)
	<u>(569)</u>	<u>(538)</u>	<u>(361)</u>	<u>(1,404)</u>
Cash flows from financing activities				
Deferred financing costs	(71)	-	(71)	-
Issuance of common shares (net of issue costs)	-	-	-	869
	<u>(71)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(71)</u>	<u>869</u>
Cash flows from investing activities				
Property, plant and equipment (net)	6	-	-	(8)
Mineral property interests (note 5)	689	(147)	544	(322)
	<u>695</u>	<u>(147)</u>	<u>544</u>	<u>(330)</u>
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash	(25)	23	(13)	(21)
(Decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents	30	(662)	99	(886)
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning of period	<u>452</u>	<u>1,319</u>	<u>383</u>	<u>1,543</u>
Cash and cash equivalents - end of period	<u>482</u>	<u>657</u>	<u>482</u>	<u>657</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Coro Mining Corp.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

For the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014

(Expressed in U.S. dollars, except where indicated)

1 Nature of operations and Going Concern

Coro Mining Corp. (the “Company” or “Coro”) and its subsidiaries are engaged in the exploration and development of base and precious metal projects in Chile. The Company was incorporated on September 22, 2004 and commenced activities in 2005. The Company’s registered office is Suite 2610, Oceanic Plaza, 1066 West Hastings Street, Vancouver, British Columbia, Canada.

Going concern

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared using International Financial Reporting Standards (“IFRS”) applicable to a going concern, which contemplates the realization of assets and settlement of liabilities in the normal course of business. For the six months ended June 30, 2015, the Company reported a loss of \$0.5 million and as at that date had a net working capital balance of \$0.3 million and an accumulated deficit of \$56.4 million.

In June 2015, the Company announced a combined ~\$9.0 million convertible debenture and equity financing. If completed, this financing will provide for the development of Berta and working capital for the Company; however, there are no assurances that this financing will be obtained.

2 Significant accounting policies

These condensed interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with IFRS as issued by the IASB (“International Accounting Standards Board”) applicable to the preparation of interim financial statements, including International Accounting Standard (“IAS”) 34- Interim Financial Reporting. The accounting policies applied in these condensed interim consolidated financial statements are consistent with those applied in the preparation of, and disclosed in, the consolidated annual financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2014, except as discussed in the condensed interim consolidated financial statements for the three months ended March 31, 2015 under “Changes in accounting standards”.

These interim consolidated financial statements were approved for issue on August 5, 2015 by the Audit Committee on behalf of the Board of Directors.

The condensed interim consolidated financial statements do not contain all disclosures required under IFRS and should be read in conjunction with the Company’s audited annual consolidated financial statements and the notes thereto for the year ended December 31, 2014.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires management to make judgments, estimates, and assumptions that affect the application of policies and reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and contingent liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period.

Actual results could differ from those estimates. Significant accounts that require estimates as the basis for determining the stated amounts include exploration and evaluation assets, share-based payments, allocation of financing proceeds, and income and mining taxes. Differences may be material.

Coro Mining Corp.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014

(Expressed in U.S. dollars, except where indicated)

3 Exploration expenditures

For the three months ended June 30, 2015				
\$000's	Celeste	Marimaca	General	Total
Consulting, labour & professional fees	-	16	-	16
Drilling & trenching	-	-	-	-
General & admin	-	-	65	65
Property investigation	19	10	11	40
Property acquisition	-	50	-	50
Travel & accommodation	-	-	-	-
Total exploration expenditure	19	76	76	171

For the three months ended June 30, 2014					
\$000's	Celeste	El Des	Marimaca	General	Total
Consulting, labour & professional fees	-	9	-	60	69
Drilling & trenching	-	3	-	-	3
General & admin	-	1	-	119	120
Property investigation	-	2	-	42	44
Property acquisition	-	-	-	-	-
Travel & accommodation	-	6	-	2	8
Total exploration expenditure	-	21	-	223	244

For the six months ended June 30, 2015				
\$000's	Celeste	Marimaca	General	Total
Consulting, labour & professional fees	-	39	-	39
Drilling & trenching	-	-	-	-
General & admin	-	-	105	105
Property investigation	20	10	11	41
Property acquisition	-	50	-	50
Travel & accommodation	-	-	-	-
Total exploration expenditure	20	99	116	235

For the six months ended June 30, 2014					
\$000's	Celeste	El Des	Marimaca	General	Total
Consulting, labour & professional fees	-	97	-	77	174
Drilling & trenching	-	332	-	-	332
General & admin	-	3	-	243	246
Property investigation	-	56	-	81	137
Property acquisition	-	40	-	-	40
Travel & accommodation	-	15	-	2	17
Total exploration expenditure	-	543	-	403	946

Coro Mining Corp.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014

(Expressed in U.S. dollars, except where indicated)

3 Exploration expenditures (continued)

Celeste, Chile: - The 100% owned Celeste property includes the Celeste Sur iron ore project located in the III Region of Chile.

El Desesperado, Chile; - The property option agreement this was terminated in April 2014.

Marimaca, Chile: - In August 2014, the Company entered into a letter of intent to acquire up to a 75% interest in the Marimaca copper oxide prospect for \$175,000 (\$10,000 paid; \$40,000 in February 2015 (subsequently deferred and paid in April 2015 and increased to \$50,000); \$125,000 on completion of an NI43-101 compliant resource estimate and engineering study that demonstrates the technical and economic feasibility of producing a minimum of 1,500 tonnes per year (“tpy”) of copper cathode by August 2018)). Coro may acquire a further 24% interest, by obtaining project construction finance. The owner of the property will maintain a 25% interest with a 15% interest free carried to commercial production and a 10% participating interest that is subject to dilution.

General, Chile

General exploration activity in Chile includes property evaluation and other exploration costs. It also includes costs associated with the wholly owned, Llancahue and Talca properties. In March 2015, the Company sold its 1.5% NSR on the previously disposed of Chacay claims for CA\$200,000.

In November 2014, the Company signed an option agreement with Minera Peñoles de Chile Ltda (“Peñoles”), a subsidiary of Mexican mining company, Industrias Peñoles SAB de CV, for the latter to acquire a 70% interest in Coro’s Llancahue project, in the VII Region of Chile. To acquire its 70% interest in the project Peñoles must make \$6 million in payments as follows; \$150,000 on signing (paid); \$200,000 on or before 12 months from signing; \$250,000 on or before 24 months from signing; \$300,000 on or before 36 months from signing; \$400,000 on or before 48 months from signing; and \$4.7 million on or before 60 months from signing.

In addition, on or before November 5, 2019 Peñoles must complete an NI43-101 compliant resource estimate at its sole cost. If Coro’s interest falls to 10%, it immediately converts to a 2.5% NSR. Peñoles has a one-time right to acquire Coro’s 30% interest for \$6 million plus a 1.5% NSR within 90 days of exercising its option to acquire 70%.

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Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014

(Expressed in U.S. dollars, except where indicated)

4 Mineral property interests

\$000's	Berta	Prat	Total
Balance – January 1, 2014	1,749	-	1,749
Environmental	109	-	109
Geology	53	10	63
Misc. development costs	831	7	838
Property acquisition costs	250	10	260
Share-based compensation	14	-	14
Balance – December 31, 2014⁽¹⁾	3,006	27	3,033
Environmental	5	-	5
Geology	117	-	117
Misc. development costs	446	36	482
Property acquisition costs	-	50	50
Share-based compensation	3	-	3
Balance – June 30, 2015	3,577	113	3,690

(1) Excludes San Jorge (note 5)

Berta, Chile

Berta, cost have been capitalized since January 2013.

Under the Amended Berta option agreement SCM Berta S.A. (“SCMB”) may acquire 100% of the Berta property for total cash consideration of \$4 million (\$1.75m (paid); \$2.25m in August 2015). The August 2015 payment may be divided into eight quarterly payments of \$281,250 plus interest accruing at LIBOR. In addition, a 1.5% NSR is payable on all copper production together with any by-product metals.

Under the SCMB Shareholders Agreement, ProPipe S.A. (“ProPipe”) may earn up to a 50% interest in SCMB by completing various milestones. At each milestone, ProPipe will be issued shares in SCMB to give effect to the new ownership interest. As of June 30, 2015, ProPipe had earned an 18% (2014: 18%) interest in SCMB.

Planta Prat, Chile

In August 2014, the Company signed the Planta Prat letter of intent to acquire an interest in a SXEW agitation leach plant in the II Region of Chile. Coro may earn a 51% interest by paying total consideration of \$150,000 (\$10,000 paid; \$40,000 in February 2015 (subsequently deferred and paid in April 2015 and increased to \$50,000); and \$100,000 on completing the plant expansion). In addition to the cash payments to earn its 51% interest Coro must expand the plant to 1,200 tonnes per year (“tpy”) capacity (by August 2017); Coro may earn an additional 14% interest (for a total interest of 65%) upon commencement of commercial production which is defined as 80% of 1,200 tpy copper annual production rate for 60 consecutive days.

5 Deconsolidation of Minera San Jorge S.A. (“MSJ”)

\$000's	June 30, 2015	December 31, 2014
Mineral property interests	-	1,300

Coro Mining Corp.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014

(Expressed in U.S. dollars, except where indicated)

5 Deconsolidation of MSJ (continued)

In April 2015, the Company finalized an amending agreement with Aterra Investing Ltd. and Solway industries Ltd (“A&S”). By making the advance payment of \$1.3 million under this amended agreement, A&S have the right to acquire a 100% interest and are exercising control over MSJ. As a result, effective May 1, 2015, the Company deconsolidated MSJ and recognized a disposition loss of \$97,954.

The legal acquisition of the MSJ is subject to Franco Nevada, the underlying owner of MSJ, approval and also the Argentinean authorities, which will be sought prior to the completion of the legal acquisition. Coro will retain a 2% NSR on production from the property, other than gold, in the event that A&S develop the project.

As of December 31, 2014, the Company recognized an impairment loss of \$12.3 million reducing San Jorge’s carrying value to \$1.3 million.

6 Long-term debt

Subsequent to December 31, 2014, ProPipe repaid the \$250,000 promissory note due under the September 2014 Memorandum of Understanding (“MOU”) to provide \$15 million of debt financing for the development of the Berta project. The current outstanding balance shall be paid to ProPipe on a preferential basis out of the cash flow from SCMB.

7 Common shares

Authorized

The Company has an unlimited number of authorized common shares without par value.

Issued

On January 22, 2014, the Company closed the second tranche of the non-brokered private placement and issued 10,250,000 Units at a price of CA\$0.10 per Unit for gross proceeds of CA\$1,025,000. Each Unit is comprised of one common share of the Company and one half of a common share purchase warrant. The warrants are exercisable at a price of CA\$0.15 until January 22, 2017.

The warrants for both tranches will be subject to a forced exercise provision after one year in the event the volume weighted average trading price of the Company’s common shares is greater than or equal to CA\$0.30 for 20 consecutive trading days.

Capital risk management

The Company considers its components of shareholders’ equity as capital. As the Company is in the development stage, its principal source of funds is from the issuance of common shares. It is the Company’s objective to safeguard its ability to continue as a going concern, so that it can continue to explore and develop its projects for the benefit of its stakeholders.

8 Share stock options and warrants

Options

The Company has a stock option plan that permits the granting of stock options to directors, officers, key employees and consultants. Terms and pricing of options are determined in accordance with the plan. A total of

Coro Mining Corp.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014

(Expressed in U.S. dollars, except where indicated)

8 Share stock options and warrants (continued)

10% of the issued and outstanding common shares of the Company may be allotted and reserved for issuance under the stock option plan.

	2015		2014	
	Number of shares	Weighted average exercise price CA\$	Number of shares	Weighted average exercise price CA\$
Outstanding – January 1	8,545,000	0.28	8,666,666	0.31
Cancelled	-	-	-	-
Exercised	-	-	-	-
Expired	(455,000)	0.16	(3,621,666)	0.16
Forfeited	-	0.33	(150,000)	0.41
Granted	-	0.10	3,800,000	0.10
Outstanding	8,090,000	0.26	8,695,000	0.28

At June 30, 2015, the following stock options were outstanding:

	Number of options outstanding	Number of options vested and exercisable	Exercise price CA\$	Expiry Date
	550,000	550,000	0.39	2016
	3,590,000	3,590,000	0.41	2017
	150,000	-	0.41	2017
	3,800,000	2,533,328	0.10	2019
Total	8,090,000	6,673,328		

In January 2014, the Company granted 3,800,000 options at CA\$0.10. The majority of stock options vest over a two or three year period.

Option and warrant valuation models require the input of highly subjective assumptions including the expected volatility. Changes in the assumptions can materially affect the fair value estimate. The following assumptions were used in the Black-Scholes option pricing model to calculate the compensation expense for options and the fair value of warrants:

Subsequent to period end, the company granted 500,000 options at CA\$0.04.

	Warrants	Options
Risk-free interest rate	1.10%	0.47% to 2.39%
Expected life	1.25 years	2 to 3.5 years
Expected volatility	108%	90% to 115%
Expected dividend	0%	0%

For the three months ended June 30, 2015 total share-based compensation expense was \$8,804 (2014: \$25,783) of which \$1,289 (2014: \$1,313) was capitalized. For the six months ended June 30, 2015 total share-based compensation expense was \$18,118 (2014:\$161,241) of which \$2,761 (2014: \$11,179) was capitalized.

Coro Mining Corp.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014

(Expressed in U.S. dollars, except where indicated)

8 Share stock options and warrants (continued)

Warrants

	2015		2014	
	Number of shares	Weighted average exercise price CA\$	Number of shares	Weighted average exercise price CA\$
Outstanding – beginning of year	10,539,123	0.15	5,436,623	0.15
Issued (note 5)	-	-	5,102,500	0.15
Exercised	-	-	-	-
Expired	-	-	-	-
Outstanding	10,539,123	0.15	10,539,123	0.15

At June 30, 2015, warrants outstanding were as follows:

Number of warrants outstanding	Exercise price CA\$	Expiry Date
5,436,623	0.15	2016
5,102,500	0.15	2017
10,539,123		

9 Related party transactions

The Company considers the Executive Directors and Officers of the Company to be key management personnel.

\$000's	Three months ended June 30, 2015	Three months ended June 30, 2014	Six months ended June 30, 2015	Six months ended June 30, 2014
Short-term employee benefits	195	218	388	433
Share-based payments	6	23	13	95
Total key management personnel	201	241	401	528

10 Geographic segmented information

The Company operates in a single operating segment, mineral exploration and development. The following table provides geographic information about the Company's assets and operations.

\$000's	Argentina	Canada	Chile	Total
June 30, 2015				
Loss for the period	-	325	160	485
Non-current assets	-	3	3,708	3,711
Total assets	-	464	3,824	4,288
Total liabilities	-	44	405	449
December 31, 2014				
Loss for the year	12,276	969	464	13,709
Non-current assets	1,336	4	3,056	4,396
Total assets	1,496	149	3,194	4,839
Total liabilities	86	59	371	516

Coro Mining Corp.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014

(Expressed in U.S. dollars, except where indicated)

10 Financial instruments

Financial instruments include cash and any contracts that give rise to a financial asset to one party and a financial liability or equity instrument to another party. As at June 30, 2015, the Company's carrying values of cash and cash equivalents and accounts receivable approximate their fair values due to their short term to maturity.

The fair value of the Company's accounts payable and accrued liabilities may be significantly lower than the carrying value given the Company's going concern uncertainty and the fair value is not readily determinable.

The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are:

Level 1 – Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;

Level 2 – Inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability either directly or indirectly; and

Level 3 – Inputs that are not based on observable market data.

At June 30, 2015, the Company's financial instruments measured at fair value on a recurring basis were the held-for-trading investment in Bearing Resources Ltd. shares (classified as "Level 1").

Credit Risk

Financial instruments that potentially subject the Company to credit risk consist of cash and cash equivalents and accounts receivable. The Company deposits cash and cash equivalents with high credit quality financial institutions as determined by rating agencies.

Currency Risk

The Company's significant subsidiaries are located in Chile and Argentina and the parent company is in Canada. As a result a portion of the Company's accounts receivable, accounts payable and accruals are denominated in the Chilean Peso and Canadian Dollars and are therefore subject to fluctuation in exchange rates.

As the Company's parent company functional currency is the Canadian dollar, a 100 basis point (one per cent) increase/ strengthening (decrease/ weakening) in the U.S. dollar at period end would have resulted in the net loss being \$4,177 lower (\$4,177 higher).

Interest Rate Risk

The Company was exposed to interest rate risk on cash and cash equivalents held as at June 30, 2015. A 100 basis point (1%) increase or decrease in the interest rate would have resulted in approximately a \$1,081 change in the Company's reported loss for the period ended June 30, 2015 based on average cash holdings during the period.

Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that an entity will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with its financial liabilities. The Company is reliant upon equity issuances as its sole source of cash. The Company manages liquidity risk by maintaining an adequate level of cash and cash equivalents to meet its ongoing obligations.

The Company continuously reviews its actual expenditures and forecast cash flows and matches the maturity dates of its cash equivalents to capital and operating needs. For further information related to liquidity refer to note 1.

Coro Mining Corp.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014

(Expressed in U.S. dollars, except where indicated)

11 Commitments

The following table sets out the commitments of the Company as of June 30, 2015 and does not consider any subsequent events.

\$000's	2015 (6 months)	2015	2016	2017	2018	Thereafter	Total
Property option payments							
Berta ¹	-	563	1,125	563	-	-	2,250
Marimaca	50	-	-	-	125	-	125
Planta Prat	50	-	-	100	-	-	100
Total property option payments	-	563	1,125	663	125	-	2,475
Operating leases	144	44	-	-	-	-	44
Total	144	607	1,125	663	125	-	2,519

¹ Excludes interest charges (note 4).

12 Financing

In June 2015 the Company announced a ~\$9.0 million combined Convertible Debenture (\$6.5 million) and equity financing ~ (\$2.5 million) with Greenstone Resources L.P. (“Greenstone”).

The convertible debenture is comprised of two tranches, being \$5.1 million (“Tranche 1”) and \$1.4 million (“Tranche 2”) repayable on the date that is 350 days after the drawdown of the respective tranches. In the event that the amounts are not repaid in full in cash, any unpaid amounts will be converted into common shares of Coro at a conversion price of C\$0.04 per share. Tranche 1 and Tranche 2 require repayments of \$6.375 million and \$1.75 million respectively, resulting in an effective interest rate of ~25%.

The equity financing is to purchase up to 79,800,000 Coro common shares at a price of CAD\$0.04 per share by way of a private placement for total gross proceeds of CAD\$3.192m (the “Private Placement”).

The Company also intends to offer existing shareholders and other interested parties the opportunity to purchase common shares at C\$0.04 via a concurrent private placement. Greenstone has the right to match any additional funds raised on a 1:3 basis to maintain their percentage ownership interest.